

The State of the Need in North Texas

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mercymanorhome4women.org/resources/state-of-the-need-north-texas

4,980

Texans died of a drug overdose in 2024 (15.9 per 100,000) — among the highest rates the state has recorded. Meth was involved in 42% of those deaths.

CDC/NCHS data, via USAFacts

7,000+

Texans killed by fentanyl between 2019 and 2023 — a rise of more than 600% across five years.

Texas Dept. of State Health Services

< 1 in 5

Americans who needed substance use treatment in 2024 received it: 52.6 million needed treatment, 10.2 million received any.

SAMHSA, 2024 NSDUH

< 11%

of women with a substance use disorder received treatment (2019). Stigma, childcare, and logistics compound — hardest for single mothers.

SAMHSA data, via Penn State research

10

residential treatment centers in all of Texas where a mother can live with her children while she recovers.

Texas HHSC, via the Hogg Foundation at UT Austin

178

rural Texas counties described as having limited or no access to opioid-addiction treatment resources.

UT Health San Antonio, 2022

27,987

Texans experienced homelessness on a single night in 2024 — up 18.2% since 2015; 44% unsheltered. Women's homelessness rose faster than men's that year.

Natl. Alliance to End Homelessness / HUD PIT

26.6

overdose deaths per 100,000 in neighboring Johnson County in 2024 — among the five highest rates in Texas. The need does not stop at the county line.

CDC data, via USAFacts

Behind every number is a woman. Mercy Manor is a one-year, Christ-centered residential recovery program for women overcoming addiction, abuse, and homelessness — Granbury, Texas, serving Hood County and North Texas. The facility is secured; donor gifts now fund the opening.